

exceeding \$100,000, at any election at which the State is to be divided into districts for the purpose of electing members of the Legislature. It is further provided that the Governor and the Senate shall have the right to divide the State into districts for the purpose of electing members of the Legislature at any time.

STATE CAKE OF INSANE.
The State of New York is governed by the same laws which have governed the State of New York for many years. The Governor of the State is elected by the people for a term of four years. The Senate is elected by the people for a term of four years. The Assembly is elected by the people for a term of two years.

The people of the State, especially those in the rural districts, are entitled to the same rights and privileges as those in the city. The State should provide for the education of all its children. The State should provide for the care of its poor. The State should provide for the care of its insane.

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OLNEY BLAMES REPUBLICANS.

HOLDS THEM RESPONSIBLE FOR LAWLESSNESS OF TO-DAY.

Cries What He Calls the Andacity of the Coal Operators in Lecturing the President—Says They Assume That They Are Above the Law's Demands.

Boston, Oct. 11.—The presence of the Hon. Richard Olney as the chief speaker at the ratification dinner given by the Democratic Club of Massachusetts here to-night is regarded as significant. It has been seven years since Mr. Olney has manifested any open interest in a State contest, and his speech to-night is an earnest of his coming activity in national politics.

Mr. Olney began his speech by declaring that the Democratic party is now heading in the right direction and that it is tolerably sure of recovering ultimately its old-time ascendancy. He pointed to the nomination of Col. Gaston for Governor as proof that Bryanism and free silver are in the background. He considered the success of the Democratic party a necessity to the welfare of the American people.

"There is one aspect of the present situation, however, which current events make prominent and to which I desire briefly to call your attention," continued Mr. Olney. "The signs of the times are that under the régime of the Republican party and through the national Government's forty years of partnership with the protected industries, we have come to a pass where the law is considered of no account, where public officials as well as private citizens deem themselves above the law and do not hesitate to set it aside and to substitute for it their own notions of what public or private interests require."

"Witness the zealous haste with which the Treasury rushes to the relief of Wall Street speculators by a novel and forced construction of the National Banking law. Witness the astonishing proceeding of the same department in its instructions to subordinate officers respecting the duties to be collected on coal."

"But the generally lawless atmosphere in which protracted Republican reign has enveloped us is even more strikingly illustrated by the recent Presidential demonstration upon the coal strike. There are those who say that as the President disclaims any official duty or relation to the matter, he should not have interfered. It is something to be said for that view."

"The United States Government is not a paternal affair, nor is the President a dispenser of Providence for the people. He is bound to take a hand whenever and wherever things go wrong. Though his office is charged with great functions and with great powers, he is a Constitutional officer whose sphere of action is strictly limited by law. Within that sphere he is well-nigh as absolute as any sovereign or monarch of the world—without, however, the legal limitations."

"When, therefore, he goes without it, undertakes what the law has not put upon him and can bear no responsibility for the result, he is in a dangerous position. The danger is that he may fail and be defied and that his great office, held in trust for the people, may be brought into disrepute and that the people may be led to believe that the President is incapable of performing his legitimate duties."

"The President, for example, is our representative in foreign affairs. He is our strength and his hands in dealing with them. He is our voice in the world. He is our shield against foreign aggression. He is our sword against foreign aggression. He is our shield against foreign aggression. He is our sword against foreign aggression."

"The President's overtone to the coal operators was prompted by the best motives, did credit to his humanity and his kindness of heart, and should have been met with respect and consideration. How, in fact, was it received? It was declined, and might have been declined courteously even if firmly."

"But the opportunity to administer a snub to the President was not tempting. Accordingly, he was not only treated as a rash intermeddler in other people's concerns, he was also treated as a lawbreaker. The cause of the lawless action was the lawlessness of the coal operators. They were lawless in the mining industry, and they were lawless in the coal industry."

"The Five Pointers and the Monk Eastmans have had a feud for the last three years, ever since, in fact, the latter chased the former away from a dance hall up in Broome street which the Five Pointers had found particularly congenial. When the Five Pointers came to a climax, they raided their opponents' Suffolk street clubhouse, fatally injuring one man and badly hurting two others."

"It was at this point that Assemblyman Foley stepped in. Leaning up against the free lunch counter of the saloon adjoining his Centre street store, yesterday, the 'big man' explained why and how he did it."

"Yes, the boys have shaken hands, sure thing. 'Twas like this. The Eastmans came to me Monday and said they'd had enough. The next night I sent for the Five Pointers at my clubrooms at the Downtown Tammany Club. They couldn't come then. But they came Wednesday. The Eastmans came. 'I don't like to have this rioting going on in my district, and I don't want either of your clubs to make a political fight out of it. You know me. Mark me, there'll come a time when you'll be asking favors of each other. So shake hands.' And they did it."

GEN. H. C. KING WILL NOT RUN.

Predicts Easy Victory Because of Socialistic Plank in Democratic Platform.

Gen. Horatio C. King has sent the following letter, declining the Republican nomination for Congress in the Seventh district in Brooklyn:

The Hon. John Hill Morgan, 162 Montague street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
My Dear Sir: I have just returned from Washington and find your esteemed favor of the 9th inst., notifying me of your unanimous nomination for Congress in the Seventh district in Brooklyn. It is a great honor and a great responsibility. I am deeply grateful to you for the confidence you have placed in me. I am, however, unable to accept the nomination. I am sorry to hear that you are disappointed. I am sure that you will find a more suitable candidate. I am, however, unable to accept the nomination. I am sorry to hear that you are disappointed. I am sure that you will find a more suitable candidate. I am, however, unable to accept the nomination. I am sorry to hear that you are disappointed. I am sure that you will find a more suitable candidate."

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DEMOCRATS IN A TANGLE.

SOMERSET COUNTY, N. J., CANDIDATES RESIGN IN A BODY.

Childs, the Restaurant Man, Was Writing His Speech of Acceptance of Nomination for State Senator When Prout Withdrew His Name—Warm Time Promised at New Convention.

SCENESVILLE, N. J., Oct. 11.—All of the candidates nominated by the Somerset county Democratic convention on Wednesday filed their resignations in the County Clerk's office here to-day, and Chairman Shurtz of the Democratic Executive Committee has sent out a call for another convention for Tuesday next to make a new ticket. This remarkable proceeding is the result of disruption in the party ranks over the manner in which Samuel S. Childs, a New York restaurateur, was turned down in the convention. Childs was the candidate of the party leaders for State Senator. Fifty-two out of the sixty-five delegates to the convention were pledged to vote for him.

He was in a nearby hotel writing a speech of acceptance when William Prout, a young lawyer, sprang a surprise by withdrawing Childs' name, which, as chairman of the Somerset township delegation, he had presented to the convention. The Childs delegates, however, believed that Prout was authorized to withdraw their candidate's name, threw their votes for Major Nelson Y. Dungan, and he was nominated. Mr. Childs, word to the convention that he had not authorized the withdrawal of his name, and when his supporters realized that they had been tricked they were wild and have since been trying to fathom the deep political game.

The leaders are inclined to lay the responsibility for Childs' defeat on Prout, but Prout insists that someone higher up will have to bear the brunt of the round abuse he is receiving since the disruption in the party ranks over the affair is so critical that the party leaders have decided to call a new convention. The Somerset county Democratic Executive Committee will meet here to-day and a number of the Democratic Executive Committee were present. Dungan, candidate for State Senator, Prout, candidate for Assemblyman, and Nelson Y. Dungan, candidate for Surrogate, were present. The convention was called to order by Judge Woodruff of Trenton, N. J.

There is a disposition to make the following slate for a new ticket: For Senator, Samuel S. Childs; for Assemblyman, Nelson Y. Dungan; for Surrogate, Ferdinand Vanderveer Dungan, however, has emphatically refused to be lowered in the ranks and has the following to say: "I will make his overthrow in the convention almost impossible. The convention on Tuesday thus promises to be the hottest political gathering in the county for many years. The Republican county Executive Committee also met here this afternoon and reorganized. There was an attempt by William Prout to withdraw his name from the ticket, but he was rebuffed. The Republican candidate for State Senator, Lewis A. Thompson, Senator Reed's strongest opponent, was elected a member at large of the Executive Committee."

DAY LOCKWOOD FORGETS.
A Woful Year With the Lunacy Board as a Blessed Relief.
Daniel N. Lockwood of Buffalo, who was the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor when David Bennett Hill ran for Governor the last time, was asked yesterday at the Holland House what the year of that campaign was.

"Really, I can't remember," said Mr. Lockwood. "I'm a member of the State Lunacy Board now."

Cunneen's Name Cannot Be Placed on Prohibition Ticket.
ALBANY, Oct. 11.—Secretary of State McDonald to-day decided that the name of John Cunneen of Buffalo, the Democratic nominee for Attorney-General, cannot be placed in the Prohibition party column, as that party's candidate for Attorney-General. The Secretary of State holds that under section 96 of the Election law the nomination of Mr. Cunneen by a committee appointed by the Prohibition party is not an original nomination. Under that section of the law only by an original nomination can one party endorse the candidate of another party.

Without the slightest hesitation or diffidence, the coal operators assumed that, while there were laws and penalties for wage-earners, for themselves no such things existed. They who had who had made so extraordinary an assumption and were so insistent upon the suppression of lawlessness in the mining regions? Why, the most unblinking and persistent of law-breakers.

For years they have defied the law of Pennsylvania, which forbids common carriers from engaging in the business of mining. For years they have discriminated between customers in the freight charges on their railroads in violation of the Interstate Commerce law. For years they have unlawfully monopolized interstate commerce in violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust law. And, the very best excuse and explanation of their astonishing attitude at the Washington conference is that, having violated so many laws for so long and so many times, they might rightfully think they were wholly immune from either punishment or reproach."

Lord & Taylor,
Broadway and 20th Street.
Misses' Suits and Skirts.

Misses' Tailor Suits
of zibelines and chevrons, fancy blouse coats and new shape
skirts; value \$35.00 at \$29.50

Misses' Pedestrian Skirts
\$10.00, at \$7.50

Misses' Walking Suits
of Scotch mixtures, in Norfolk blouse or fitted coats and box
pleated skirts; value \$25.00 \$19.50

of chevrons and fancy mixtures, in the new kilts effects; value \$7.50

A FATHER KILLS HIMSELF.

Drinks Carbolic Acid in the Presence and in Sight of His Children.

W. T. Fox, a boss plumber, 42 years old, of 501 St. Ann's avenue, committed suicide last night at 6 o'clock at his home by taking carbolic acid. He leaves two sons, 2 and 8 years old, and two daughters, aged 14 and 18.

The younger boy and the two girls were in the kitchen preparing dinner when their father came home. After greeting them, he went into the bathroom, off the kitchen, as was his usual custom, to take some cod liver oil from a bottle that stood next to one of like appearance containing carbolic acid.

The elder girl left the kitchen a moment, but ran back upon hearing her sister scream and found the girl and the baby boy holding on to the father, the girl crying, "Don't drink it!"

Fox wrenched away and ran to the parlor, his older daughter following. She caught him but dashed her aside and running back to the kitchen drank half the contents of the bottle.

Fox was dead when a doctor reached him. His wife died two years ago and he has been brooding over her death ever since.

Coroner O'Gorman pronounced the death an accidental suicide.

A Bet of \$15,000 to \$8,500 on Odell.
BEEF L., Oct. 11.—A bet of \$15,000 to \$8,500 on Odell was made at the Hotel Roosevelt to-night. A. H. Miller having the odds on Odell and William J. Conners the Coler.

Saks & Company
SPECIALISTS IN APPAREL FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

SILK WAISTS FOR WOMEN.
One of the things of which we are really proud—the Waist Shop. It's so cosmopolitan in scope that no good waist is denied its place; so generous in proportions that every good waist exhausts its individual styles.

TWO SPECIAL OFFERS FOR MONDAY, OCTOBER 13.
Peau de Cygne Silk Waists, with front of very fine tucks and hemstitched tabs drawn through silk covered rings, hemstitched stock and tucked back; white and black, sizes 34 to 44, at \$4.65

Louise Silk Waists, with drawn work on shoulders, front, collar and cuffs, tucked front and back; light blue, white or black, sizes 34 to 44, at \$4.65

Usual price \$7.75

SILK PETTICOATS.
What indicates the richness of the unseen apparel half so well as the rustle of a silk underskirt? Here you will find a bewildering variety unusual in almost any shop.

A SPECIAL OFFER FOR MONDAY, OCTOBER 13.
Striped Taffeta Silk Petticoats, with new corded section ruffle and dust ruffle in white and black, gray and white, cadet and white, green and white, rose and white, brown and white, royal and white, cardinal and white, black and blue, black and red, black and green, black and pink and all black, at \$4.95

Usual price \$7.50

SOMETHING NEW!



SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER
Big Box. No Spilling. No Patent Can. No Waste. No Grit. HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

Robert Carey Nominated for Congress.
Republicans of the Ninth New Jersey district, at a convention in Lincoln Hall, Jersey City, last night, nominated Robert Carey, Assis. in Corporation Attorney of Jersey City, for Congress.

James B. Manning of Jersey City was unanimously chosen as the candidate for Congress at the Republican convention of the Tenth New Jersey Congress district held in Hoboken yesterday afternoon.

Lord & Taylor,
Broadway and 20th Street.
Misses' Suits and Skirts.

Misses' Tailor Suits
of zibelines and chevrons, fancy blouse coats and new shape
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